

## South Carolina UNITED STATES HISTORY AND THE CONSTITUTION 2022-2023 Pacing Guide (Traditional)

Unit Standards		Standards	Major Topics
Foundations of American Republicanism	The Colonial Era (1607-1763)	USHC.1.CO USHC.1.P USHC.1.CX USHC.1.E	<ul> <li>Reasons for colonial settlement in different regions</li> <li>Influence of Europe on development of political thought and practices in the colonies</li> <li>Comparison of the geographic regions of the colonies</li> <li>Comparison of the economic, political, and social development of the colonies</li> <li>Reasons for similarities and differences of colonies</li> <li>Impacts of geography and economic and social development on the start of sectional debates</li> <li>Development of an "American Identity"</li> <li>Changes/differences in American opinions about the roles of government and the individual</li> </ul>
	The American Revolution Through the Constitution (1764-1787)	USHC.1.CE USHC.1.P USHC.1.CX USHC.1.E	<ul> <li>Long- and short-term causes of the American Revolution</li> <li>Shift from loyalty to Great Britain to support for independence</li> <li>Impacts of founding documents (Declaration of Independence, Articles of Confederation, Constitution, Bill of Rights, Federalist Papers)</li> <li>Impacts of Enlightenment and other ideals on development of the American government</li> <li>Debates and compromises in writing of the Constitution</li> <li>Fundamental principles of the Constitution</li> <li>Changes/differences in American opinions about the roles of government and the individual</li> <li>Impacts of political, economic, and social developments on marginalized groups</li> <li>Debates about the role of government in domestic and foreign issues</li> </ul>
	Development of the New Nation (1788-1812)	USHC.1.P USHC.1.CX USHC.1.CC USHC.1.E	<ul> <li>Impacts of George Washington's administration and governmental precedents</li> <li>Development of the two-party system</li> <li>Changes in domestic and foreign policies through the administrations of George Washington, John Adams, Thomas Jefferson, and James Madison</li> <li>Strengthening of the federal government/increased role of the judicial branch</li> </ul>

	Unit	Standards	Major Topics		
Expansion and Union	Nationalism and Sectionalism (1813-1850)	USHC.2.CO USHC.2.CE USHC.2.P USHC.2.CX USHC.2.CC USHC.2.E	<ul> <li>Emergence of sectionalism in the nation</li> <li>Comparison of political, economic, and social development of the North, South, and West</li> <li>Comparison of the impacts of westward expansion on various groups</li> <li>Conditions faced by marginalized groups in each region</li> <li>Causes and consequences of westward expansion</li> <li>Impacts of compromises related to the expansion of slavery in the United States</li> <li>Impacts of technology on the development of the nation</li> <li>Impacts of reform movements (e.g., abolition, women's rights) on the nation</li> <li>Response of the government to sectionalism and expansion</li> </ul>		
xpan	1 <sup>st</sup> Cumulative Assessment (covering all content to this point)				
ú	The Civil War and Reconstruction (1851-1877)	USHC.2.CO USHC.2.CE USHC.2.P USHC.2.CX USHC.2.CC USHC.2.E	<ul> <li>Long- and short-term causes of the Civil War</li> <li>Key turning points of the Civil War</li> <li>Impacts of technology on the Civil War</li> <li>Role of government in protecting and advancing natural rights during and after the Civil War</li> <li>Debates over handling of Reconstruction</li> <li>Changes to the economic, social, and political aspects of the nation as a result of the Civil War and Reconstruction</li> <li>Legacy of the Civil War and Reconstruction</li> </ul>		
Capitalism and Reform	Industrialization and Progressivism (1878-1924)	USHC.3.CO USHC.3.CE USHC.3.P USHC.3.CX USHC.3.CC USHC.3.E	<ul> <li>Comparison of ideals of business leaders and labor leaders</li> <li>Tactics and strategies used by business leaders and labor leaders to achieve their goals</li> <li>Responses of government to urbanization and changing economic conditions</li> <li>Significant turning points related to Populism and the Progressive Era</li> <li>Causes and effects of the work of progressive reformers</li> <li>Impacts of industrialization on westward expansion and Native Americans</li> <li>Demographic changes that resulted from industrialization</li> <li>Push/pull factors that contributed to immigration</li> <li>Impact of immigration on social, political, and economic situations in the nation</li> <li>Significant developments in the settlement of the West</li> <li>Impacts of settlement of the West on various groups</li> </ul>		

	Unit	Standards	Major Topics			
ism	Imperialism and World War I (1893-1919)		<ul> <li>Analysis of motives and outcomes of American foreign policy of intervention</li> <li>Comparison of arguments for and against imperialism</li> <li>Role of government in economic policies aimed at expanding American influence</li> <li>Influence of government on the economy during World War I</li> <li>Changes on the home front during World War I</li> <li>Debates surrounding national security vs. individual rights</li> </ul> Cumulative Assessment			
tion	(covering all content to this point)					
Modernism and Interventionism	The 1920s and the Great Depression (1920-1941)	USHC.4.CE USHC.4.P USHC.4.CX USHC.4.E	<ul> <li>Long- and short-term social, political, and economic causes of the economic boom in the 1920s</li> <li>Long- and short-term social, political, and economic causes of the Great Depression</li> <li>Changes to American culture during the 1920s</li> <li>Rise in discrimination/nativism against marginalized groups</li> <li>Impacts of government policies on the economy</li> <li>Impacts of the New Deal</li> <li>Changes to the role of the government as a result of the Great Depression</li> </ul>			
	World War II (1942-1945)	USHC.4.CO USHC.4.P USHC.4.CC USHC.4.E	<ul> <li>Long- and short-term causes of World War II</li> <li>Significant outcomes of World War II</li> <li>Comparison of outcomes of World War II to earlier international conflicts</li> <li>Role of government during World War II</li> <li>Changes on the home front during World War II</li> <li>Debates surrounding national security vs. individual rights</li> <li>Creation of new opportunities for marginalized groups</li> </ul>			
Legacy of the Cold War	The Start of the Cold War (1946-1959)	USHC.5.CO USHC.5.CE USHC.5.P USHC.5.CX USHC.5.E	<ul> <li>Technological and economic changes that resulted from the Cold War</li> <li>Comparison of changes to foreign and domestic policies as a result of the Cold War</li> <li>Causes and effects of significant turning points during the Cold War</li> <li>Results of competition between the United States and the Soviet Union</li> <li>Changes in political parties as a result of the Cold War and other issues during the 1950s</li> <li>Impacts of the Cold War on the "American Identity"</li> </ul>			
	The 1960s and 1970s (1960-1979)	USHC.5.CO USHC.5.CE USHC.5.P USHC.5.CX USHC.5.CC USHC.5.E	<ul> <li>Comparison of the technological and economic changes during the 1960s and 1970s</li> <li>Significant events of the Cold War during the 1960s and 1970s</li> <li>Impacts of ideological and economic differences between the United States and the Soviet Union</li> <li>Changes in political parties as a result of events during the 1960s and 1970s</li> </ul>			

Unit	Standards	Major Topics		
		<ul> <li>Major accomplishments of the administrations of John F. Kennedy, Lyndon B. Johnson, Richard Nixon, and Jimmy Carter</li> <li>Influence of global politics on the "American Identity"</li> <li>Changes and continuities brought about by the Civil Rights Movement</li> <li>Changes and continuities of other marginalized groups during the 1960s and 1970s</li> </ul>		
The 1980s to the Present (1980-2020)	USHC.5.CO USHC.5.CE USHC.5.P USHC.5.CX USHC.5.CC USHC.5.E	<ul> <li>Comparison of technological and economic developments since 1980</li> <li>Significant events of the Cold War and its official end in the 1980s</li> <li>Changes in political parties since the 1980s</li> <li>Differences in the viewpoints of the political parties in relation to economic, social, and political issues</li> <li>Major accomplishments of the administrations of Ronald Reagan, George H. W. Bush, Bill Clinton, George W. Bush, and Barack Obama</li> <li>Impacts of terrorism and other global issues on the "American Identity"</li> <li>Effectiveness of domestic policies since 1980</li> <li>Ongoing tactics and strategies of marginalized groups to achieve equal rights</li> </ul>		
Final Comprehensive Assessment (covering all content)				
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